

Business Expectations Survey¹

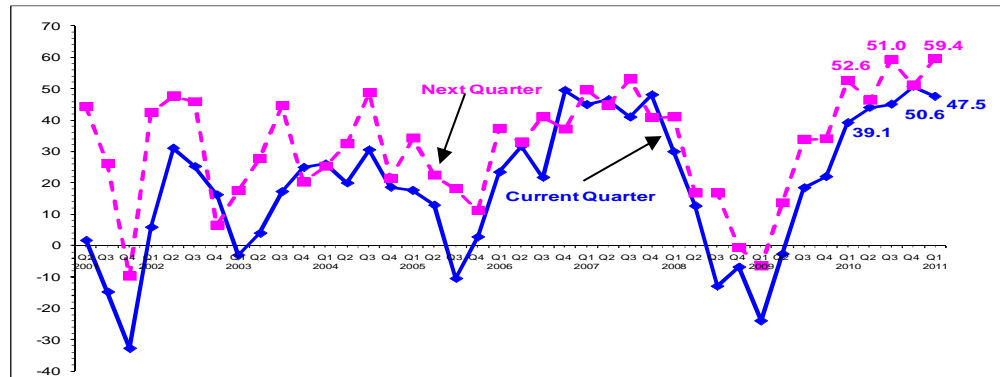
First Quarter 2011

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Business Sentiment Remains Strong in Q1 2011; Hits Record High for the Next Quarter

Overall Business Outlook on the Macroeconomy

Overall Business Confidence Index
Q2 2001 – Q1 2011



Business outlook continues to be upbeat in Q1 2011 and turns more bullish in Q2 2011.

Business optimism continued to be strong in Q1 2011, with the overall confidence index (CI)¹ at 47.5 percent. The current quarter's CI was slightly lower, however, compared to the 50.6 percent CI recorded in the Q4 2010 survey, as the number of optimists relative to pessimists declined. Respondents attributed the less upbeat quarter-on-quarter outlook to the following: (a) usual slowdown in business activity after the Christmas and harvest seasons, (b) rising prices of oil and other commodities, and (c) abnormal weather conditions in some parts of the country.

Nonetheless, respondents' outlook for Q2 2011 turned more buoyant as the next quarter index rose to an all-time high of 59.4 percent, the highest reading since the business expectations survey started in Q2 2001. Sustained business optimism indicates that the growth momentum could continue in 2011. Respondents cited the following factors for their upbeat outlook: (a) the government's plans to undertake big-ticket infrastructure projects under the public-private partnerships (PPP) program and to front-load infrastructure and social spending, (b) faster recovery in emerging and developing economies, (c) steady stream of overseas Filipinos' (OFs) remittances and foreign capital, (d) continued recovery of merchandise exports, and (e) continued strong confidence in the new government.

¹ The Business Expectations Survey (BES) is a quarterly survey of leading firms drawn from the Securities and Exchange Commission's Top 7000 Corporations. Results of the BES provide advance indication of the direction of the change in the overall business activity in the economy and in the various measures of companies' operations as well as in selected economic indicators.

² The CI is computed as the percentage of firms that answered in the affirmative less the percentage of firms that answered in the negative with respect to their views on a given indicator. A positive CI indicates a favorable view, except for the inflation rate and the peso-borrowing rate, where a positive CI indicates the opposite.



These factors were also the same considerations cited by economic think-tanks as well as multilateral and credit-rating institutions to be behind their favorable views on the economy's growth prospects. The positive business sentiment likewise mirrored the improving business confidence in other countries such as Australia, Canada, India, Germany and Singapore.

Both NCR and AONCR respondents' business outlook track the national trend.

Tracking the national trend, the sentiment of businesses from both the National Capital Region (NCR) and Areas Outside the NCR (AONCR) remained buoyant for the current quarter albeit less favorably so when compared to the previous quarter's survey results. However, sentiment turned considerably more upbeat for the next quarter. NCR respondents continued to be more optimistic in their outlook on the economy than those from AONCR for both the current and next quarters. This indicated firms' expectations that economic conditions would be more favorable in NCR than in AONCR.

A more detailed look at the responses of firms in AONCR³ revealed a broadly positive business sentiment across regions. The outlook of businesses in Regions IV, V, VII, IX, and XI tracked the national trend. In Region III, business confidence for both Q1 and Q2 2011 were on the uptrend, with respondent firms citing the expected influx of investments, business expansion and launching of new products and services⁴ as reasons for their bullish outlook. In Region XII, business confidence improved in Q1 2011 but declined for Q2 2011 due to seasonality in fishing conditions.⁵ Meanwhile, the outlook of respondents from Regions I and VI weakened for Q1 and Q2 2011 due to expected increases in commodity prices which could lead to lower demand in the wholesale and retail trade sector in these regions.⁶

Businesses involved in international commodity trading are generally more bullish in Q1 and Q2 2011.

Except for importing firms which registered a decline in optimism quarter-on-quarter, the outlook of businesses involved in international commodity trading (i.e., exporters and those engaged in dual activities) continued to improve in Q1 2011 as the recovery of global trade and a stable peso pumped up demand for Philippine exports. Importers cited the rising costs of commodities as the reason for their lower optimism. Looking ahead to the next quarter, all types of businesses involved in international trade became more bullish due to the expected rise in volume of orders and number of clients.

³ While the survey covered all 17 regions of the Philippines, the bulk (89.9 percent) of the respondents were from NCR and nine regions outside NCR, namely: Regions I, III, IV, V, VI, VII, IX, XI and XII. (For the list of regions and the distribution of top 7000 corporations by region, please see Annexes A and B).

⁴ New car models, food spices, and other food related products and services are examples of new products and services to be launched in Region III.

⁵ Tuna fishing tend to be more favorable during cold weather but less favorable during warm weather such as summer season.

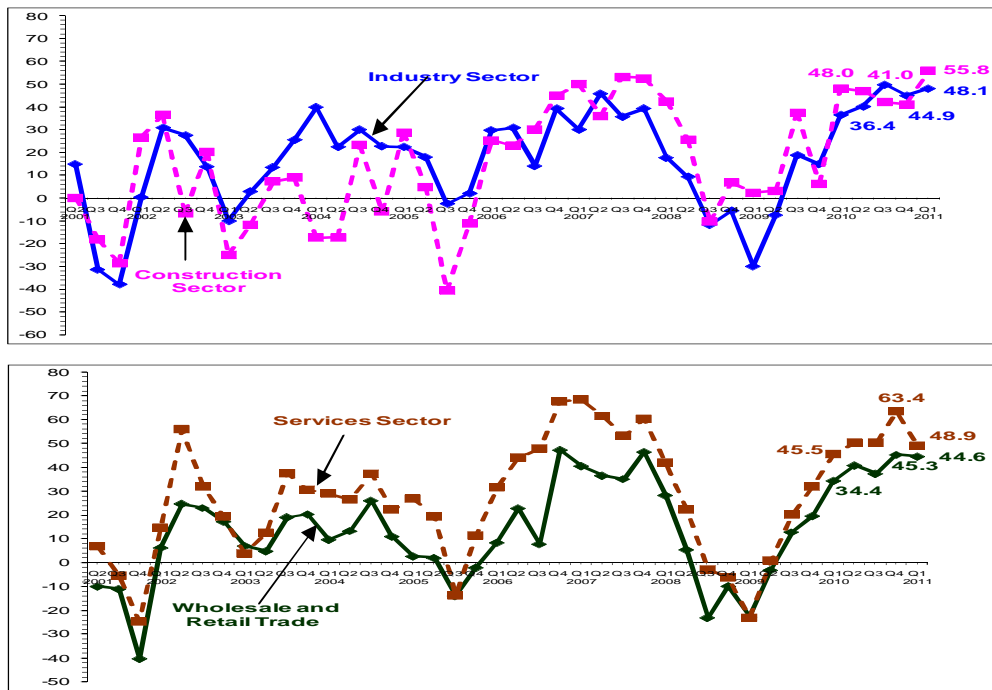
⁶ The overall outlook for Regions I and VI is largely driven by the lower optimism in the wholesale and retail trade sector (which comprised 55.0 percent and 47.3 percent of respondents, respectively).



Businesses across firm size are more optimistic for Q2 2011. By employment size,⁷ all firms (small-, medium- and large-sized firms) posted positive but less favorable outlook quarter-on-quarter in Q1 2011, similar to the overall trend. However, the outlook of firms for Q2 2011 across employment size turned more bullish. Large-sized firms remained the most optimistic for Q1 and Q2 2011.

Sectoral Outlook

**Current Quarter Business Outlook Index by Sector
Q2 2001 – Q1 2011**



The construction and industry sectors are more upbeat. Consistent with the sustained overall optimism over macroeconomic prospects, business sentiment across sectors continued to be favorable in Q1 2011. The construction and industry sectors registered a more buoyant outlook, while that of the wholesale and retail trade sector was broadly stable. On the other hand, optimism in the services sector declined compared to that in the previous quarter.

Firms in construction sector were the most positive among all sectors, registering the highest increase in the number of optimistic respondents relative to the pessimists. Respondents attributed their bullish outlook to the planned implementation of big-ticket infrastructure projects under the PPP scheme, as well as the increase in demand for residential and commercial buildings.

Similarly, firms in the industry and wholesale and retail trade sectors acknowledged the benefits that could be realized from the government’s initiatives to promote

⁷ Small firms have less than 100 employees; medium firms, 100-499 employees; while large firms have over 500 employees.



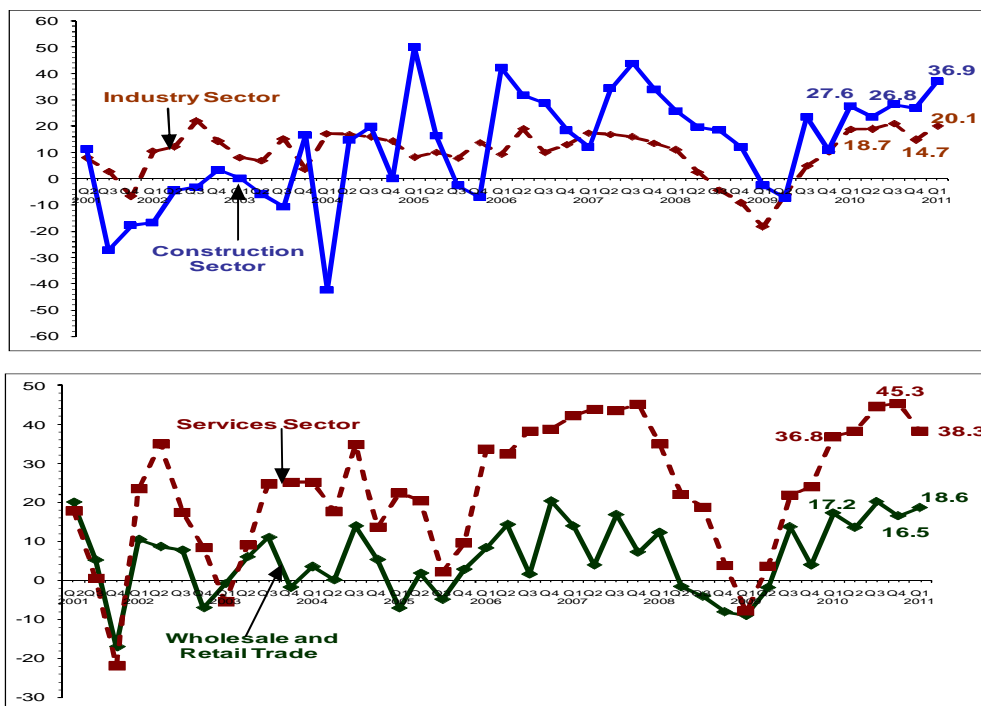
broad-based growth. This, together with the revitalized demand for exports and rising commodity prices in the world market, strong domestic demand, improvement in operations, a stable peso and the general perception of a better business environment, were reasons cited by the respondents for their sustained sanguine outlook.

The services sector meanwhile was less optimistic during the quarter compared to a quarter ago on account of the seasonal slack in demand for hotels and restaurants, renting and business activities after the holidays, as well as the rising costs of operations and higher fuel prices (for the transportation sub-sector).

For the next quarter (Q2 2011), the outlook across all sectors turned more upbeat largely due to the anticipated implementation of government projects, particularly the PPP program, and prospects of more favorable business conditions (i.e., steady stream of OF remittances, foreign capital and merchandise exports). Business confidence remained highest in the construction sector.

Business Confidence on Own Operations

**Current Quarter Business Outlook Index by Sector
Q2 2001 – Q1 2011**



Businesses' outlook about their own operations improves.

Led by the construction sector, businesses' outlook about their own operations improved quarter-on-quarter across all sectors, except for the services sector. Although more respondents from the services sector still expected business conditions in Q1 2011 to turn more favorable than otherwise, the number that said so declined from the last quarter's survey.



Average capacity utilization picks up. The average capacity utilization in Q1 2011 rose to 75.3 percent, the highest reading since Q3 2008. This is consistent with the results of the Monthly Integrated Survey of Selected Industries (MISSI) of the National Statistics Office (NSO), which showed an increasing trend for capacity utilization.

Access to Credit and Financial Conditions⁸

Firms' access to credit improves while financial conditions remain tight. More firms anticipated tighter financial conditions during the quarter. Although financial conditions remained tight, more firms reported easier access to credit relative to those that said otherwise. This suggested that firms' anticipated needs for liquidity could be supported by available credit.

Volume of Business Activities

The outlook for volume of business activity suggests an acceleration of growth in Q2 2011. Despite rising confidence about their own operations, businesses' outlook on the volume of business activity and total orders edged lower in Q1 2011 compared to the previous quarter. However, going forward, the outlook for the volume of business activity for Q2 2011 improved compared to the previous quarter, which is consistent with the all-time-high outlook for the second quarter. This indicates a possible acceleration of economic growth across all sectors in the second quarter of the year.

Employment and Expansion Plans

Employment outlook improves. Another indicator supporting expectations of sustained growth in 2011 was the employment outlook index for the next quarter, which improved further from the levels in the previous quarter and a year ago. By sector, employment indices of the construction, services and industry sectors went up quarter-on-quarter and year-on-year.

More firms indicate expansion plans. Consistent with the more positive outlook of the industry sector about their own operations, more firms (33.9 percent of respondents) indicated expansion plans for Q2 2011. Expansion plans were noted across all sub-sectors. Mining and quarrying continued to record the highest expansion plans, followed by agriculture; electricity gas and water; and manufacturing sub-sectors.

Business Constraints

Competition, weak demand, and financial problems remain major risks to business. Competition, weak demand (leading to low sales volume), and financial problems were the factors that limited business activity in Q1 2011. The top three business constraints were the same risks identified by respondents since Q3 2009.

⁸ *Financial conditions* refer to the firm's general cash position, taking into account the level of cash and other cash items and repayments terms on loans. On the other hand, *access to credit* refers to the environment external to the firm, with regard to the availability of credit from the banking system and other financial institutions.



Expectations on Key Economic Indicators⁹

Higher interest rates and inflation, and a strong peso are expected in Q1 2011. Respondent firms expected inflation and interest rates to go up in Q1 and Q2 2011. Inflationary expectations are likely to be stronger this year compared to the previous quarter's level as respondents having views of higher inflation and interest rates increased in both Q1 and Q2 of the year. These expectations were due in part to price pressures arising from the increasing costs of fuel and other commodities in the global market and the strong performance of the domestic economy. Meanwhile, respondents were of the view that the peso appreciation would continue in Q1 and Q2 2011, but the number that said so declined from the previous quarter's survey.

About the Survey

Survey response rate is 78.2 percent. The Q1 2011 BES was conducted during the period 6 January–14 February 2011. There were 1,630 firms surveyed nationwide. Respondents were drawn from the Securities and Exchange Commission's Top 7,000 Corporations, as follows: 603 companies in NCR (37.0 percent) and 1,027 firms in AONCR (63.0 percent), covering all 17 regions nationwide. The survey response rate for this quarter was higher at 78.2 percent (from 75.4 percent in the previous quarter). The response rates were also higher for both the NCR and AONCR. For NCR, the response rate was 76.8 percent (from 73.3 percent in the previous quarter) and for AONCR, the response rate was 79.1 percent (from 76.7 percent in the previous quarter).

A breakdown of responses by type of business showed that 14.2 percent were importers, 6.7 percent were exporters, and 14.0 percent were both importers and exporters. About 65.1 percent of the respondents were neither importers nor exporters or did not specify their firm type.

The Business Expectations Survey (BES) uses the stratified random sampling design covering corporations from the SEC's Top 7000 Corporations (ranked based on Gross Revenues) as sampling units. The top 7000 corporations are subdivided into 192 strata classified by region—NCR and Areas Outside NCR (the other 15 regions of the country)¹⁰—and by industry sub-groups, namely: (a) Group 1: Industry, which consists of manufacturing, mining and quarrying, electricity, gas and water, and agriculture, fishery and forestry; (b) Group II: Construction; (c) Group III: Wholesale and Retail Trade; and (d) Group IV: Services, which consists of financial intermediation, real estate, renting and business activities, hotels and restaurants, transport, storage and communications and community, social and personal services, using the 1994 Philippine Standard Industrial Classification (PSIC).

⁹ The expectations on Key Economic Indicators are confidence indices (CIs) computed as the percentage of firms that answered "up" less the percentage of firms that answered "down" with respect to their views on a given economic key indicator. A positive CI indicates a favorable view, except for the inflation rate and the peso-borrowing rate, where a positive CI indicates the opposite.

¹⁰ In the sampling design, Regions 4A and 4B were combined as one region.



BUSINESS EXPECTATIONS SURVEY *
2001 - 2011

	2001			2002			2003			2004			2005			2006			2007			2008			2009			2010			2011										
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1									
1. Overall Business Outlook on the Macroeconomy																																									
Confidence Index: All Sectors																																									
Current Quarter	1.7	-14.7	-32.6	5.9	31.0	25.2	16.2	-3.0	4.0	17.2	24.9	26.0	19.9	30.5	18.6	17.6	12.9	-10.4	2.8	23.4	31.6	21.7	49.4	44.9	46.4	40.9	48.0	29.9	12.6	-12.9	-6.8	-23.9	-2.6	18.4	22.0	39.1	43.9	45.0	50.6	47.5	
NCR	1.7	-14.7	-32.6	5.9	31.0	25.2	16.2	-3.0	4.0	17.2	24.6	15.1	15.7	33.6	19.8	21.1	12.3	-13.0	-0.8	26.9	35.1	28.2	58.7	53.0	53.1	44.9	55.1	34.0	11.4	-16.1	-9.6	-25.4	-3.6	20.3	24.2	42.4	50.1	51.6	55.7	54.4	
AONCR											26.8	50.5	29.5	23.6	16.0	11.1	14.0	-5.6	9.3	17.3	25.0	9.4	32.1	30.6	34.6	34.0	35.6	21.4	15.2	-6.2	-1.0	-21.1	-0.9	15.0	18.0	33.8	34.0	34.2	42.4	35.7	
Next Quarter	44.3	26.0	-9.8	42.3	47.5	45.8	6.3	17.5	27.6	44.5	20.1	25.2	32.4	48.7	21.3	34.2	22.3	18.1	11.3	37.2	32.8	40.9	37.1	49.4	44.7	53.0	40.9	41.0	16.6	16.6	-0.5	-6.5	13.7	33.7	34.0	52.6	46.3	59.2	51.0	59.4	
NCR	44.3	26.0	-9.8	42.3	47.5	45.8	6.3	17.5	27.6	44.5	20.4	15.7	32.8	52.5	17.3	34.2	20.7	14.3	11.0	43.0	32.4	43.8	38.7	53.3	48.2	57.1	44.6	42.2	12.4	17.6	-4.7	-9.6	14.7	35.0	37.3	57.2	51.4	63.1	54.9	62.3	
AONCR											18.4	46.6	31.6	40.2	30.1	34.2	25.4	25.1	11.7	27.5	33.6	35.6	34.0	42.2	37.2	44.8	33.7	37.6	24.7	14.8	8.1	-0.7	11.9	30.9	27.7	44.6	37.2	52.0	44.4	53.6	
2. Business Outlook Index on the Macroeconomy by Sector: Current Quarter																																									
Industry Sector	14.7	-31.5	-38.0	0.3	30.7	27.5	13.6	-10.1	2.7	13.3	25.4	39.7	22.3	29.9	22.6	22.3	17.9	-2.7	2.0	29.6	30.7	14.0	39.2	30.0	45.7	35.6	39.2	17.7	9.1	-11.9	-5.8	-30.1	-7.6	18.8	14.7	36.4	40.1	49.6	44.9	48.1	
Construction Sector	0.0	-18.2	-28.6	26.7	36.4	-6.7	20.0	-25.0	-11.8	7.1	8.8	-17.6	-17.4	23.2	-6.1	28.6	4.8	-40.9	-11.4	25.3	22.9	30.0	44.7	50.0	35.9	53.1	52.5	42.4	25.5	-10.5	6.6	2.2	3.0	37.3	6.1	48.0	46.9	41.9	41.0	55.8	
Wholesale and Retail Trade	-10.0	-11.1	-40.4	6.3	24.7	23.0	17.3	7.0	4.8	19.0	20.3	9.6	13.3	26.0	11.0	2.6	2.0	-13.9	-2.1	8.4	22.8	7.8	47.3	40.6	36.5	35.1	46.5	28.3	5.4	-23.2	-9.8	-22.8	-3.1	12.8	19.5	34.4	40.9	37.4	45.3	44.6	
Services Sector	6.8	-5.5	-24.7	14.7	56.1	32.0	19.5	3.8	12.5	37.5	30.6	29.1	26.7	37.3	22.3	26.8	19.4	-13.8	11.3	31.6	44.1	47.9	67.6	68.5	61.6	53.3	60.3	42.1	22.4	-2.8	-6.3	-23.2	1.0	20.2	31.9	45.5	50.3	50.3	63.4	48.9	
of which:																																									
Financial Intermediation	-11.8	-41.4	33.3	20.6	64.7	40.0	14.3	3.8	22.6	46.7	36.1	28.8	18.0	37.3	26.1	31.1	37.5	-19.7	11.1	53.0	67.2	64.7	92.2	90.8	74.3	61.3	71.0	60.5	-6.5	-28.9	-46.6	-44.1	-6.2	29.7	47.7	68.2	72.2	77.1	83.6	74.5	
Hotels and Restaurants	0.0	77.8	-9.1	50.0	33.3	0.0	71.4	10.0	-7.7	8.3	62.5	40.0	40.0	36.7	45.8	36.8	35.3	17.6	31.8	50.0	24.5	44.2	93.3	86.4	39.7	59.7	92.2	50.1	29.9	9.8	40.2	-18.5	14.1	23.0	49.9	35.6	45.7	41.7	62.3	57.2	
Renting and Business Activities	20	0.0	-41.7	7.7	53.8	20.0	30.0	0.0	22.2	38.9	24.4	49.5	45.6	46.9	40.4	11.8	19.6	5.2	15.6	32.7	31.6	53.1	53.3	60.8	53.8	54.1	59.3	22.8	28.3	2.2	-10.2	-39.3	-9.0	11.9	16.3	47.5	49.2	47.7	72.8	41.0	
Community and Social Services	0.0	0.0	-40.0	-10.0	30.0	20.0	15.4	30.8	-14.3	21.4	19.6	17.7	19.2	43.7	2.7	23.6	25.7	5.2	6.7	20.6	16.6	28.8	58.7	44.9	37.4	54.3	30.7	48.1	16.3	0.2	-21.3	9.8	7.0	27.7	31.4	40.9	44.6	40.7	46.5	41.1	
3. Business Outlook Index on the Macroeconomy by Sector: Next Quarter																																									
Industry Sector	35.3	10.4	-10.0	26.7	38.6	46.8	4.6	12.6	26.2	41.2	20.9	38.4	30.6	37.1	27.1	38.7	19.0	16.6	12.0	32.6	30.7	30.7	26.7	46.5	39.3	41.4	32.3	32.5	16.8	6.6	-1.3	-10.4	10.4	27.1	26.3	50.5	44.8	55.5	51.3	57.9	
Construction Sector	55.6	36.4	-14.3	46.7	45.1	26.7	33.3	18.8	29.4	7.1	32.3	-9.4	23.9	41.0	33.5	47.7	36.1	12.2	-5.7	57.7	45.8	36.6	45.5	39.9	59.0	63.8	54.0	54.3	30.6	29.5	9.1	2.8	20.0	27.7	43.0	47.9	44.4	51.3	54.1	65.2	
Wholesale and Retail Trade	46.7	22.2	-17.0	51.2	48.1	43.7	3.7	25.6	28.9	49.4	13.3	18.0	30.5	60.2	14.3	27.1	19.5	22.3	17.1	34.8	23.7	36.2	37.2	43.6	35.7	51.6	36.1	35.2	8.4	16.4	-5.1	-10.0	10.3	32.4	43.3	50.9	41.8	57.3	44.3	58.4	
Services Sector	47.6	37.0	-4.1	42.8	67.6	53.4	16.6	14.0	33.6	50.2	24.2	17.4	39.6	55.8	17.4	34.0	28.7	16.1	5.6	43.9	44.9	62.0	51.0	62.1	60.7	68.1	55.8	54.2	23.6	25.2	3.9	-1.8	18.2	41.0	40.3	57.3	53.0	65.9	58.2	60.8	
of which:																																									
Financial Intermediation	29.4	31.0	-7.4	50.0	73.5	57.5	0.8	19.2	41.9	53.3	36.1	15.7	34.0	58.6	20.8	28.9	39.2	6.4	20.0	51.8	67.2	79.1	83.3	75.4	73.0	79.5	73.3	57.0	14.4	7.9	-22.1	-22.0	19.6	52.8	70.9	71.8	74.9	88.3	76.8	72.8	
Hotels and Restaurants	50.0	77.8	0.0	50.0	44.4	70.0	14.3	40.0	30.8	58.3	58.6	25.2	26.1	71.0	21.3	62.7	35.3	54.9	16.5	50.1	31.4	81.4	55.4	56.8	28.5	81.2	28.2	64.0	1.9	73.6	20.6	12.5	17.9	51.3	62.6	56.8	41.7	72.0	62.3	62.9	
Renting and Business Activities	60.0	41.7	-8.3	38.5	61.5	46.7	25.0	47.6	44.4	55.6	12.2	45.4	71.0	53.0	38.6	44.7	21.6	26.8	25.2	45.1	39.9	53.9	23.6	68.6	67.7	64.9	63.8	49.4	31.7	25.0	4.0	-11.4	6.0	30.6	36.6	66.7	57.6	66.9	52.7	63.1	
Community and Social Services	42.9	0.0	0.0	30.0	60.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	21.4	21.4	-4.3	12.3	36.9	46.1	14.3	25.7	25.7	23.4	-20.4	29.6	45.7	37.9	60.0	55.1	73.8	71.6	67.4	49.2	22.0	15.8	11.8	3.3	19.9	21.1	21.2	50.6	45.2	53.6	45.0	58.1	
4. Business Confidence Index on Own Operations by Sector: Current Quarter																																									
Industry Sector	7.8	2.8	-6.7	10.4	12.2	22.0	14.2	8.0	6.8	15.2	3.6	17.1	16.8	15.8	14.2	8.1	9.9	7.7	13.8	9.3	18.9	10.0	12.9	17.4	16.8	15.9	13.5	10.8	2.5	-4.4	-9.3	-18.3	-6.1	4.9	10.3	18.7	18.8	20.9	14.7	20.1	
Construction Sector	11.1	-27.3	-17.9	-16.7	-4.5	-3.3	3.3	0.0	-5.9	-10.7	16.6	-42.4	14.5	19.7	0.0	50.0	16.3	-2.6	-7.0	42.2	31.7	28.7	18.3	11.9	34.3	43.8	33.8	25.6	19.5	18.4	12.0	-2.6	-7.4	23.4	10.9	27.6	23.5	28.2	26.8	36.9	
Wholesale and Retail Trade	20.0	5.2	-17.0	10.4	8.6	7.7	-7.0	-0.8	6.0	11.0	-1.8	3.5	0.1	13.9	5.3	-7.1	1.8	-4.9	2.8	8.3	14.3	1.6	20.3	13.9	3.9	16.8	7.2	12.2	-1.6	-4.1	-8.1	-9.0	-1.9	13.7	3.9	17.2	13.5	20.1	16.5	18.6	
Services Sector	17.9	0.5	-21.9	23.4	35.0	17.5	8.3	-5.5	9.0	24.8	25.1	25.1	17.7	34.7	13.6	22.4	20.4	2.2	9.6	33.7	32.4	38.2	38.7	42.2	43.8	43.5	45.1	35.0	22.0	18.8	3.9	-8.0	3.7	21.8	24.0	36.8	38.3	44.6	45.3	38.3	
5. Business Outlook index on Own Operations: Current Quarter																																									
Volume of Business Activity Index	7.8	0.0	-14.7	-5.1	23.6	20.9	22.1	-8.1	13.2	21.1	31.1	6.5	25.4	26.9	23.7	9.3	19.2	0.7	17.0	16.0	31.3	21.8	42.4	22.6	35.7	27.3	39.3	15.8	16.2	-1.5	-0.3	-26.3	1.7	15.9	22.0	24.6	35.6	34.9	42.8	23.8	
Volume of Total Order Book Index	-0.9	-3.4	-19.6	-5.7	22.7	20.9	20.4	-8.7	10.2	19.8	25.6	3.8	18.0	19.5	20.0	7.4	14.8	-0.5	15.5	14.5	25.9	16.4	34.2	17.1	27.7	22.9	31.2	8.0	13.7	-3.1	-1.4	-27.3	-1.2	14.5	16.8	19.5	30.5	30.2	37.7	19.3	
Credit Access Index	-18.3	-19.8	-26.1	-27.6	-20.0	-14.9	-15.0	-17.9	-12.5	-5.9	-12.7	-13.4	-14.6	-7.3	-7.5	-9.8	-12.2	-13.2	-11.5	-5.5	-3.5	0.5	2.8	10.1	9.0	10.4	7.3	6.6	3.0	-1.6	-7.4	-12.8	-7.2	-0.8	0.1	5.4	9.2	10.1	10.0	11.3	
Financial Condition	-47.0	-40.7	-48.9	-46.6	-30.6	-30.8	-35.6	-46.4	-34.8	-26.6	-27.5	-32.8	-31.4	-25.7	-25.0	-28.3	-28.6	-36.5	-30.9	-20.0	-20.2	-20.1	-14.1	-8.8	-11.0	-5.1	-7.8	-11.6	-17.8	-29.1	-29.9	-32.9	-26.8	-17.4	-15.5	-7.9	-5.0	-2.6	-1.1	-3.6	
Average Capacity Utilization (in percent)	67.0	66.2	68.8	62.7	66.2	70.3	69.1	69.4	69.1	69.2	71.3	76.2	76.7																												

BUSINESS EXPECTATIONS SURVEY
2001 - 2011

	2001			2002				2003				2004				2005				2006				2007				2008				2009				2010				2011	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1					
7. Companies with Expansion Plans (in percent of total respondents): Next Quarter																																									
All Industry Sector	5.9	20.7	20.6	13.0	20.3	10.7	18.7	24.3	22.6	19.9	20.0	21.5	15.9	24.3	27.5	27.0	22.0	16.0	20.8	25.9	25.8	23.0	23.0	27.2	31.1	28.7	33.7	37.8	23.1	25.0	30.4	17.8	16.0	17.4	23.7	19.9	25.0	27.0	25.7	33.9	
Mining Quarrying	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	###	39.1	39.1	39.1	78.3	78.3	50.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	33.3	41.7	25.0	83.3	66.7	42.9	42.9	52.4	41.9	26.2	45.1	27.0	31.6	9.2	13.0	38.5	33.2	36.7	45.0	34.7	47.3
Manufacturing	19.4	21.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	8.5	21.2	23.5	23.0	19.0	17.5	31.7	15.2	22.9	25.7	28.9	21.3	16.9	20.3	25.3	24.0	22.7	20.8	23.7	28.1	27.1	32.0	37.8	22.3	23.7	29.5	15.7	14.6	15.3	20.3	18.8	24.1	25.4	24.7	32.5	
Electricity, Gas and Water	0.0	25.0	25.0	13.3	20.4	33.3	0.0	20.0	0.0	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.0	6.0	11.6	11.6	11.6	35.9	25.4	47.2	44.3	48.5	54.0	42.8	33.5	39.0	45.4	37.0	59.2	34.6	30.5	36.6	44.3	10.5	16.7	28.2	20.4	38.5	
Agriculture, Fishery and Fores ###	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	25.0	33.3	52.6	19.6	19.6	25.0	32.5	37.5	13.1	39.1	8.2	40.4	28.3	32.4	23.2	35.4	62.2	64.0	42.4	59.6	35.0	21.3	30.6	28.0	32.5	30.0	37.4	54.6	37.4	39.7	43.4	41.6	45.3	
8. Business Constraints (in percent to total respondents): Current Quarter																																									
High Interest Rate	49.6	46.9	38.0	46.0	35.9	28.2	24.2	31.5	32.9	28.6	34.2	33.0	33.1	38.4	39.8	37.0	34.7	35.9	36.2	32.4	30.0	29.1	27.6	23.0	23.6	23.7	21.3	22.1	23.7	29.8	29.5	26.9	24.1	24.4	20.5	21.2	20.5	20.9	17.4	19.8	
Unclear Economic Laws	36.5	37.9	29.9	37.8	31.1	30.3	31.0	34.0	33.5	35.9	41.2	34.7	35.2	37.0	38.2	37.6	38.0	45.9	48.7	40.3	41.4	34.3	33.1	27.6	27.2	24.5	27.1	25.9	27.1	27.1	25.7	25.1	23.3	21.7	14.2	13.0	13.0	20.9	18.7	21.2	
Lack of Equipment	27.8	17.5	15.8	21.8	20.6	19.6	19.4	18.8	20.0	22.0	24.2	19.8	21.5	22.0	20.8	24.4	22.6	23.8	24.6	21.2	19.5	19.4	17.9	17.1	17.9	16.0	19.4	16.3	16.0	15.6	17.7	16.6	15.5	17.3	15.5	16.4	17.5	17.9	15.1	16.1	
Insufficient Demand	67.8	65.0	75.5	76.3	72.4	77.2	67.5	67.2	70.9	69.7	63.7	56.4	57.2	58.7	61.1	61.3	60.9	64.3	65.4	58.7	60.6	58.7	55.3	51.6	49.8	46.8	46.3	44.1	46.7	49.6	51.9	54.8	59.0	54.2	53.4	46.1	44.4	43.6	39.2	42.2	
Access to Credit	40.0	32.8	31.0	42.1	35.5	34.5	30.0	24.5	25.2	26.8	29.0	30.7	25.4	27.9	27.3	31.1	30.3	30.4	31.8	29.2	30.8	24.8	23.4	19.1	19.6	18.9	20.1	16.9	17.0	17.5	20.5	20.9	19.3	19.3	19.2	18.5	16.6	17.7	16.7	17.8	
Financial Problems	34.8	33.3	32.1	39.4	30.8	33.4	30.8	31.4	30.2	30.8	34.2	31.9	31.1	33.5	33.6	36.2	36.1	37.6	37.6	31.1	30.5	29.4	27.5	27.2	26.0	24.7	23.6	26.4	23.4	25.3	27.9	30.1	29.9	26.4	26.8	28.1	25.8	27.3	22.9	22.6	
Competition	73.9	71.8	77.7	77.9	76.8	78.4	73.8	70.7	73.3	77.3	73.0	62.5	68.8	70.3	73.1	74.0	73.4	74.2	74.4	74.1	75.3	37.1	38.7	62.6	66.0	62.2	63.0	57.9	60.4	58.6	61.1	59.4	62.0	61.8	63.4	64.4	64.5	65.8	66.6	68.8	
Labor Problems	22.6	23.2	22.3	24.1	20.0	28.6	32.3	25.9	23.0	21.3	23.5	18.5	20.8	22.8	23.5	27.7	26.8	26.5	25.3	23.0	22.9	20.9	21.7	20.3	18.6	19.7	20.1	19.4	19.3	20.8	20.2	20.6	18.8	19.0	17.6	18.1	19.4	18.9	17.0	19.3	
Lack of Materials Input	22.6	18.1	17.4	21.7	18.3	18.3	18.6	23.4	23.2	22.9	24.6	19.4	24.2	23.6	28.3	26.8	24.7	24.4	25.7	21.8	21.6	22.1	21.2	22.3	20.1	19.0	20.6	19.7	19.4	19.8	19.6	18.5	16.5	18.5	18.1	16.7	18.8	18.9	15.9	18.4	
Others	26.1	27.7	22.8	25.0	19.6	19.4	20.7	20.9	18.3	17.3	16.2	16.4	19.0	13.2	15.8	16.7	17.1	21.0	20.0	16.5	15.9	19.4	18.7	17.4	16.8	17.5	20.7	20.8	20.4	19.9	23.5	20.4	18.6	18.8	24.2	18.6	19.2	18.0	19.0	21.1	
None	3.5	3.4	7.6	2.1	2.5	6.4	1.7	3.5	5.0	5.0	6.3	6.5	6.2	6.3	5.7	5.1	4.6	3.0	3.4	5.5	4.2	4.7	3.6	5.4	6.9	7.9	6.5	7.4	5.8	5.4	4.9	5.7	5.4	6.5	6.7	6.0	5.9	8.2	8.6	6.0	
9. Business Expectations Index on Selected Economic Indicators: Current Quarter																																									
P/\$ Exchange Rate	19.1	36.7	20.1	-0.1	7.5	-8.0	4.3	11.2	6.9	7.5	0.5	-15.9	-1.5	-2.5	-8.3	10.8	7.2	-11.9	10.1	7.5	11.8	7.5	39.5	31.1	34.3	35.0	44.8	39.9	0.9	-19.0	-21.5	-12.0	-10.2	-4.2	18.7	6.4	14.6	14.2	35.3	15.0	
Inflation Rate	37.4	65.0	46.2	-8.4	1.4	3.9	32.4	36.8	25.8	27.9	42.1	45.8	52.0	51.0	61.9	30.3	51.0	61.4	53.6	22.9	32.8	31.6	-3.1	-13.9	-5.1	-2.3	6.3	14.4	47.9	61.5	43.0	14.0	14.1	4.4	28.2	23.3	20.9	9.5	2.4	21.3	
Peso Borrowing Rate	6.1	22.6	23.4	-37.2	-32.9	-6.7	11.4	16.0	26.5	9.5	27.2	33.7	38.7	39.8	43.2	21.7	28.3	41.9	37.1	6.8	10.8	17.3	-5.8	-23.5	-15.4	-3.2	-9.6	-15.9	13.5	37.8	29.7	6.9	1.9	-2.7	2.6	5.5	3.1	4.4	-5.4	4.0	
10. Business Expectations Index on Selected Economic Indicators: Next Quarter																																									
P/\$ Exchange Rate	11.3	10.7	22.3	11.7	4.9	-8.9	6.3	9.4	11.3	5.5	-11.5	-15.6	0.2	4.6	-7.3	3.4	0.9	-5.0	-0.9	-3.6	5.7	18.0	23.3	11.2	21.9	37.9	34.8	29.0	-0.3	-3.4	-19.5	-13.2	-11.6	4.1	4.2	4.7	6.7	24.7	20.8	14.1	
Inflation Rate	23.5	46.9	44.0	-0.4	15.7	16.6	26.0	43.2	28.6	31.6	33.4	52.9	42.2	41.6	53.3	29.7	44.4	55.1	45.7	27.8	30.3	31.0	-0.6	4.1	5.5	9.5	3.0	17.3	42.3	48.8	25.2	12.2	15.0	15.7	25.1	22.6	18.6	12.3	6.5	23.5	
Peso Borrowing Rate	4.4	19.8	20.7	-21.8	1.8	4.8	10.0	29.3	25.3	15.1	22.0	32.6	31.8	32.0	42.5	25.5	29.8	39.4	31.4	16.5	17.6	18.3	-2.6	-4.9	-2.3	3.2	-3.2	-8.3	15.9	32.3	23.0	7.3	4.6	5.8	12.8	15.5	10.2	8.8	2.3	11.7	
11. Percentage Distribution of Respondent Firms by Employment Size																																									
Small (<100)	41.7	44.6	42.4	41.9	38.1	41.4	43.5	41.8	38.4	36.3	35.5	33.7	31.8	36.1	36.2	35.0	34.4	31.8	33.6	32.1	31.5	34.2	33.2	33.9	34.2	33.7	32.9	35.6	36.4	35.9	36.2	41.6	41.6	39.9	39.9	41.2	40.8	40.2	40.8	39.2	
Medium (100-500)	36.5	31.1	31.0	32.1	35.6	34.3	32.1	27.6	31.7	30.8	29.6	35.1	36.1	33.8	31.4	36.2	36.9	37.6	33.7	35.8	32.8	33.8	35.7	37.1	33.2	35.0	34.6	35.8	34.9	32.7	32.9	33.5	33.3	32.9	34.5	34.7	35.6	34.9	34.2	34.8	
Large (500 & up)	14.8	13.0	12.0	13.2	14.4	14.3	16.6	13.3	14.0	17.3	14.9	15.3	15.6	15.0	17.0	16.1	14.8	14.6	16.0	17.2	15.8	18.1	16.2	17.0	18.0	20.1	19.6	16.1	14.6	16.8	17.7	13.6	13.7	13.9	14.1	13.2	13.6	14.4	14.9	15.1	
No Response	7.0	11.3	14.7	12.8	11.9	10.0	7.8	17.3	15.9	15.6	20.0	15.9	16.5	15.1	15.4	12.7	13.9	16.0	16.7	14.9	19.9	13.9	14.9	12.0	14.7	11.2	13.0	12.5	14.1	14.7	13.1	11.3	11.4	13.3	11.6	11.0	10.0	10.4	10.1	10.8	
12. Distribution of Respondent Firms by Sector																																									
All Sectors	115	177	184	234	236	251	271	294	315	289	348	377	429	574	500	510	614	614	627	673	652	748	786	765	757	732	772	864	891	928	936	1062	1094	1059	1046	1215	1225	1219	1225	1275	
Industry	34	48	50	54	59	56	75	109	119	104	141	135	137	208	174	169	223	219	218	270	262	284	311	287	279	292	281	327	321	344	327	323	338	321	325	325	341	335	348	376	
Construction	9	11	14	15	11	15	15	16	17	14	20	11	15	21	19	17	20	18	20	25	22	28	32	22	20	22	33	40	37	50	53	58	51	53	61	73	65	70	75		
Wholesale and Retail Trade	30	45	47	80	81	87	81	86	83	79	96	93	118	153	132	165	187	187	196	195	187	237	238	265	262	237	270	279	297	317	323	374	377	377	358	428	416	424	415	428	
Services	42	73	73	85	85	93	100	83	96	92	91	138	159	192	175	159	184	190	193	183	181	199	205	191	196	183	199	225	233	230	236	312	321	310	310	401	395	395	392	396	
Financial Intermediation	17	29	27	34	34	40	42	26	31	30	28	45	50	57	53	45	52	50	48	45	43	49	50	48	48	46	50	51	50	52	54	64	62	59	62	69	81	77			

Business Expectations Survey

**Business Outlook Index on the Macroeconomy
by Type of Business**

	Current Quarter																Next Quarter																							
	2007				2008				2009				2010				2011				2007				2008				2009				2010				2011			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Importer	39.5	49.4	47.5	45.1	36.8	15.6	-17.4	0.7	-26.1	-6.7	10.9	15.2	43.2	37.4	38.7	53.2	50.3	40.7	44.8	59.6	43.2	50.4	9.8	26.6	0.0	-9.2	16.8	43.6	31.4	50.0	46.3	55.3	49.4	62.4	31.4	50.0	46.3	55.3		
Exporter	24.4	37.5	4.2	24.2	3.5	8.6	-6.8	3.3	-39.8	-6.1	7.2	13.6	33.7	46.6	43.2	24.2	45.3	39.0	37.5	6.3	31.8	22.4	33.3	6.8	8.7	-10.8	6.1	6.0	19.8	57.3	60.2	44.3	31.6	55.8	60.2	44.3	31.6	55.8		
Both (Import and Exporter)	38.9	50.0	41.5	36.8	9.3	0.7	-5.4	-4.1	-24.7	-8.4	21.8	20.8	37.1	52.4	48.8	40.7	42.5	51.1	44.2	42.5	37.6	19.6	13.7	14.5	10.1	-7.4	9.0	33.3	35.2	50.3	54.8	60.1	49.7	62.0	60.1	49.7	62.0	62.0		

**Number of Respondents
by Type of Business**

	Current Quarter																Next Quarter																							
	2007				2008				2009				2010				2011				2007				2008				2009				2010				2011			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Importer	81	87	99	111	125	122	109	138	119	119	110	105	162	147	150	156	181	10.6	11.5	13.5	14.4	14.5	13.7	11.7	14.7	11.2	10.9	10.4	10.0	13.3	13.3	12.3	12.7	14.2	12.3	12.7	14.2	14.2		
Exporter	41	40	48	66	85	81	88	92	83	82	83	81	89	88	88	95	86	5.4	5.3	6.6	8.5	9.8	9.1	9.5	9.8	7.8	7.5	7.8	7.7	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.8	6.7	7.3	7.2	7.8	6.7		
Both (Import and Exporter)	90	86	106	117	140	141	147	145	162	178	156	159	175	166	168	177	179	11.8	11.4	14.5	15.2	16.2	15.8	15.8	15.5	15.3	16.3	14.7	15.2	14.4	14.4	13.8	14.4	14.0	13.8	14.4	14.0	14.0		
Not Applicable	194	209	245	228	328	329	340	316	451	413	387	379	595	584	612	553	592	25.4	27.6	33.5	29.5	38.0	36.9	36.6	33.8	42.5	37.8	36.5	36.2	49.0	49.0	50.2	45.1	46.4	49.0	50.2	45.1	46.4		
Not Specified	359	335	234	250	186	218	244	245	247	302	323	322	194	240	201	244	237	46.9	44.3	32.0	32.4	21.5	24.5	26.3	26.2	23.3	27.6	30.5	30.8	16.0	16.0	16.5	19.9	18.6	16.0	16.0	16.5	18.6		
Total	765	757	732	772	864	891	928	936	1062	1094	1059	1046	1215	1225	1219	1225	1275	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

**Business Outlook Index on the Macroeconomy
by Size of Employment**

	Current Quarter																Next Quarter																							
	2007				2008				2009				2010				2011				2007				2008				2009				2010				2011			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Small (<100)	41.7	43.2	33.6	43.2	29.2	10.5	-19.2	-5.9	-19.0	-4.8	16.8	16.3	32.8	31.7	34.5	43.4	37.8	51.7	43.2	53.8	43.2	39.9	17.3	14.1	-2.1	1.8	19.1	34.3	30.5	46.4	40.5	55.3	50.4	53.0	46.4	40.5	55.3	50.4		
Medium (100-500)	41.5	37.8	42.2	45.8	22.0	16.4	-5.6	6.8	-19.9	3.6	19.5	23.8	40.0	45.3	41.8	55.6	44.6	44.4	43.8	48.8	40.7	39.2	24.1	15.2	8.8	-7.9	14.3	37.9	32.4	51.4	44.6	57.0	53.2	58.8	37.9	32.4	51.4	53.2		
Large (500 & up)	42.3	54.4	39.5	53.0	30.9	15.4	-5.1	-20.5	-29.2	2.0	20.4	32.7	50.6	53.3	59.1	61.0	56.0	50.0	43.4	55.1	44.4	46.0	29.2	18.6	-3.0	-4.2	5.3	32.7	40.8	57.5	56.3	69.9	50.0	69.4	40.8	57.5	56.3	69.4		

**Number of Respondents
by Size of Employment**

	Current Quarter																Next Quarter																							
	2007				2008				2009				2010				2011				2007				2008				2009				2010				2011			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Small (<100)	259	259	247	254	308	324	333	339	442	455	423	417	500	499	490	500	500	33.9	34.2	33.7	32.9	35.6	36.4	35.9	36.2	41.6	41.6	39.9	39.9	41.2	41.2	40.2	40.8	39.2	41.2	40.2	40.8	39.2		
Medium (100-500)	284	251	256	267	309	311	303	308	356	364	348	361	420	437	426	419	444	37.1	33.2	35.0	34.6	35.8	34.9	32.7	32.9	33.5	33.3	32.9	34.5	34.6	34.6	34.9	34.2	34.8	34.6	34.6	34.9	34.2		
Large (500 & up)	130	136	147	151	139	130	156	166	144	150	147	147	160	167	176	182	193	17.0	18.0	20.1	19.6	16.1	14.6	16.8	17.7	13.6	13.7	13.9	14.1	13.2	13.2	14.4	14.9	15.1	13.9	14.1	14.9	15.1		
Not Specified	92	111	82	100	108	126	136	123	120	125	141	121	135	122	127	124	138	12.0	14.7	11.2	13.0	12.5	14.1	14.7	13.1	11.3	11.4	13.3	11.6	11.1	11.1	10.4	10.1	10.8	11.1	10.4	10.1	10.8		
Total	765	757	732	772	864	891	928	936	1062	1094	1059	1046	1215	1225	1219	1225	1,275	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				

Annexes: Business Expectations Survey (BES) Report Q1 2011

Annex A. Distribution of top 7000 corporations by region: 2009^a

Population

PSIC	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6	Region 7	Region 8	Region 9	Region 10	Region 11	Region 12	CARAGA	ARMM	CAR
Agriculture	1	0	9	7	1	4	3	0	5	4	35	13	1		
Business	3	8	30	34	3	3	24	0	1	1	7	4	0		2
Community	6	5	19	32	0	7	13	0	3	4	5	1	2	1	1
Construction	2	1	27	31	7	5	16	2	3	2	7	0	3		1
EGW	3	1	12	6	0	1	10	0		4	1	0	0		1
Finance	2	4	11	15	1	2	18	0	1	2	9	2	2		
Hotels	8		14	12	3	10	11	3		1	8	0	0		4
Manufacturing	4	2	144	504	8	16	95	8	4	7	34	10	3	2	3
Mining	0	0	1	3	0	0	4	0		0	1	0	0		
Real Estate	2	2	10	31	1	8	20	0	1	1	9	3	1		
Trade	39	8	202	260	35	52	126	1	21	21	97	25	14	3	12
Transportation	1		22	25	1	1	19	13	2	4	14	2	0		
Services Sector	22	19	106	149	9	31	105	16	8	13	52	12	5	1	7
Industry Sector	8	3	166	520	9	21	112	8	9	15	71	23	4	2	4
Grand Total	71	31	501	960	60	109	359	27	41	51	227	60	26	6	24

Number of Samples

INDUSTRY SECTOR	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6	Region 7	Region 8	Region 9	Region 10	Region 11	Region 12	CARAGA	ARMM	CAR
Agriculture	1	0	2	4	1	4	3	0	5	4	15	13	1		
Business	1	8	4	7	1	3	8	0	1	1	3	4	0		1
Community	6	5	3	5	0	7	4	0	3	4	2	1	2	1	1
Construction	2	1	8	6	7	5	7	2	3	2	2	0	3		1
EGW	3	1	4	2	0	1	3	0		4	1	0	0		1
Finance	1	4	2	2	1	2	5	0	1	2	3	2	2		
Hotels	8		4	3	3	10	5	3		1	3	0	0		4
Manufacturing	4	2	37	88	8	16	46	8	4	7	15	10	3	2	3
Mining	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0		0	1	0	0		
Real Estate	1	2	3	4	1	8	7	0	1	1	2	3	1		
Trade	37	8	60	42	35	52	48	13	21	21	28	25	14	3	12
Transportation	1		6	5	1	1	8	1	2	4	6	2	0		
Services Sector	18	19	22	26	7	31	37	4	8	13	19	12	5	1	6
Industry Sector	8	3	43	96	9	21	54	8	9	15	32	23	4	2	4
Total Industry	65	31	133	170	58	109	146	27	41	51	81	60	26	6	23

^a The latest available listing from the Securities and Exchange Commission

Annexes: Business Expectations Survey (BES) Report Q1 2011

Annex B. Regions and provinces of the Philippines

Regions	Provinces
I-Ilocos	Ilocos Norte, Ilocos Sur, La Union and Pangasinan
II-Cagayan Valley	Batanes, Cagayan, Isabela, Nueva Vizcaya, Quirino
III-Central Luzon	Aurora, Bataan, Bulacan, Nueva Ecija, Pampanga, Tarlac and Zambales
IV-Southern Tagalog	Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Marinduque, Occidental Mindoro, Oriental , Mindoro, Palawan, Quezon, Rizal and Romblon
V-Bicol	Albay, Camarines Norte, Camarines Sur, Catanduanes, Masbate and Sorsogon
VI-Western Visayas	Aklan, Antique, Capiz, Guimaras, Iloilo and Negros Occidental
VII-Central Visayas	Cebu, Bohol, Negros Oriental and Siquijor
VIII-Eastern Visayas	Biliran, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Northern Samar, Samar and Southern Leyte
IX-Zamboanga Peninsula	Zamboanga del Norte, Zamboanga del Sur, Zamboanga Sibugay, Isabela City and Zamboanga City
X-Northern Mindanao	Bukidnon, Camiguin, Lanao del Norte, Misamis Occidental, Misamis Oriental,
XI-Davao	Compostela Valley, Davao del Norte, Davao del Sur and Davao Oriental
XII-SOCCSKARGEN	Cotabato, Sultan Kudarat, South Cotabato and Sarangani
Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR)	Abra, Apayao, Benguet, Ifugao, Kalinga, and Mountain Province
Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao (ARMM)	Basilan (excluding Isabela City), Lanao del Sur, Maguindanao, Sulu and Tawi-Tawi
Caraga	Agusan del Norte, Agusan Del Sur, Dinagat Islands, Surigao del Norte, Surigao del Sur