

The Core Functions of the BSP

An introduction on the BSP's role in the economy

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01 | The BSP's mandate

Sec. 3, RA 7653 (New Central Bank Act), as amended by RA 11211

02 | The Core functions of the BSP

Price Stability, Financial Stability, and Efficient Payments & Settlements System

03 | Other functions of the BSP

Issuer of money, Manager of official reserves, Bank of banks, Official depository and advisor of national government, and determination of the foreign exchange policy





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01 | The BSP's mandate

Sec. 3, RA 7653 (New Central Bank Act), as amended by RA 11211

"...primary objective... is to **MAINTAIN PRICE STABILITY** conducive to a balanced and sustainable growth of the economy and employment."

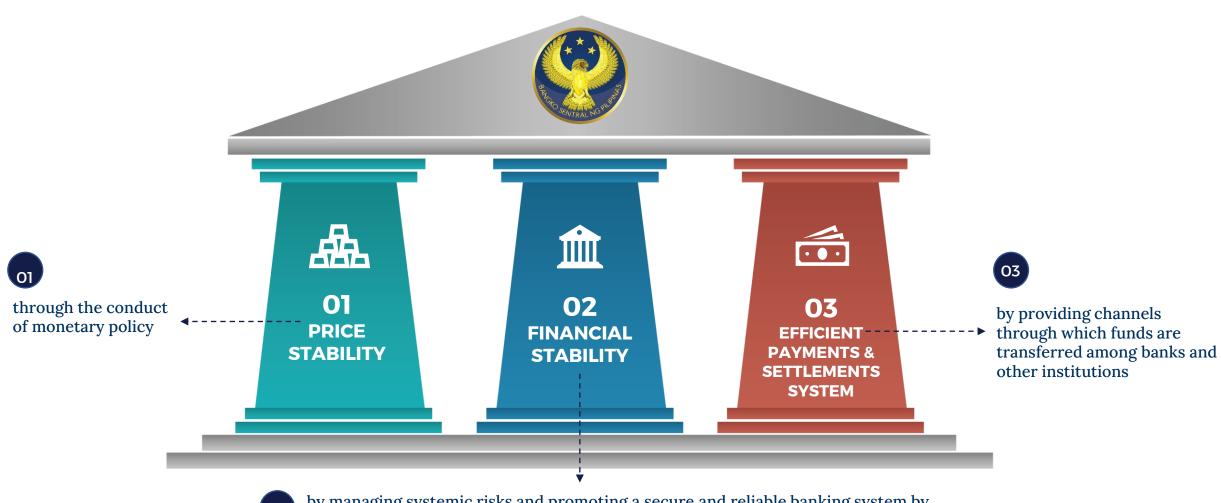
"...shall PROMOTE FINANCIAL STABILITY..."

"...shall **OVERSEE THE PAYMENT & SETTLEMENT SYSTEMS** in the Philippines... in order to promote sound and prudent practices consistent with the maintenance of financial stability."

"...shall **PROMOTE BROAD & CONVENIENT ACCESS TO HIGH QUALITY FINANCIAL SERVICES** & consider the interest of the general public."



02 Core Functions of the BSP



by managing systemic risks and promoting a secure and reliable banking system by ensuring the safe and sound operation of banks and other BSP-supervised financial institutions (BSFIs)

Core Functions of the BSP: Price Stability



02 | Core Functions of the BSP: Price Stability



What is Price Stability & Why is it important?

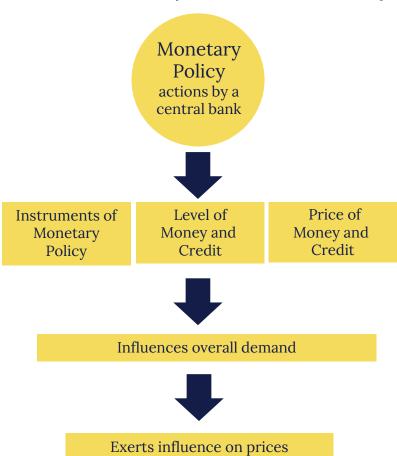
PRICE STABILITY

- ✓ There is low and stable inflation (rate of change in the average prices of goods and services).
- ✓ The average prices of goods and services do not change substantially over time.

Stable prices preserve purchasing power and allow consumers and businesses to make sound economic and financial decisions.

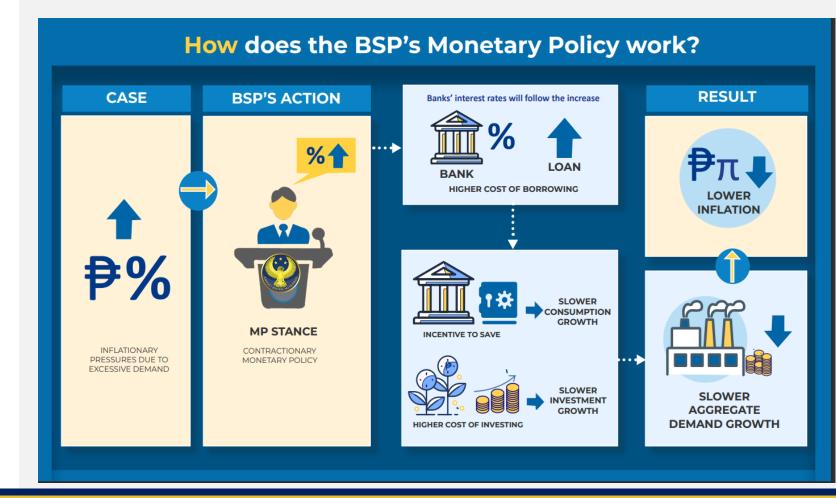
02 | Core Functions of the BSP: Price Stability

How does the BSP promote Price Stability?





Case: Inflationary pressures due to excessive demand **Required action**: BSP to slow down inflation by implementing contractionary monetary policy by raising policy rate





Any change in the BSP's policy rate takes one to two years before it is fully felt across the economy. The BSP looks at inflation forecast for the next two years and takes action NOW, if needed, to achieve inflation target.

02 | Core Functions of the BSP: Price Stability



EXPANSIONARY

- o Central bank lowers policy rate
- Reduces cost of borrowing
- Increases money supply/liquidity
- o Increases spending (demand) or investment to stimulate the economy (can increase inflation)

CONTRACTIONARY

- o Central bank raises policy rate
- o Increases cost of borrowing
- o Slows down money supply/liquidity
- Reduces spending (demand) or investment to slow inflation



INFLATION TARGETING PROCESS

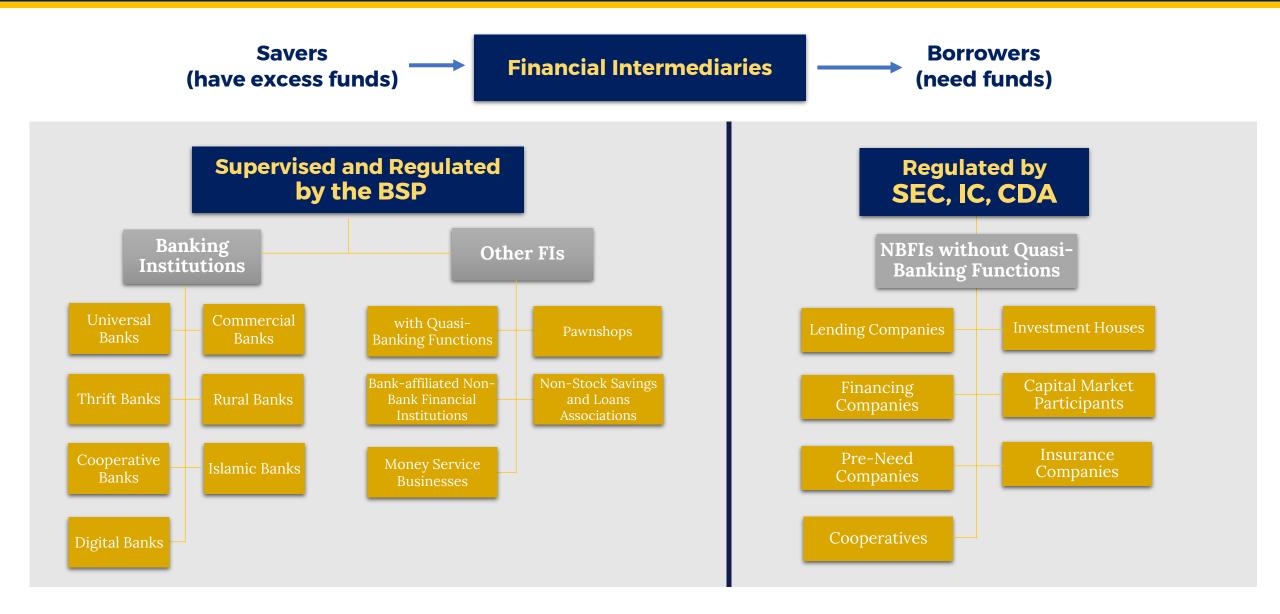


| Core Functions of the BSP: Financial Stability

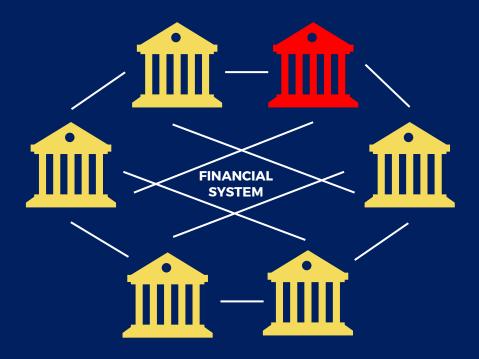


02 Core Functions of the BSP: Financial Stability

Overview of the Philippine Financial System



Promoting Financial Stability



Systemic risk management is crucial to avoid the next crisis



- ✓ **Financial Stability (FS)** is about managing financial system risks so that these risks do not create negative consequences to the rest of the economy.
- ✓ FS is about managing risks that can disrupt the availability and effective delivery of financial products and services

02 Core Functions of the BSP: Financial Stability

How does the BSP conduct financial supervision and regulation



Issuance of rules of conduct/standard of operations



Conduct of examination/regular investigation

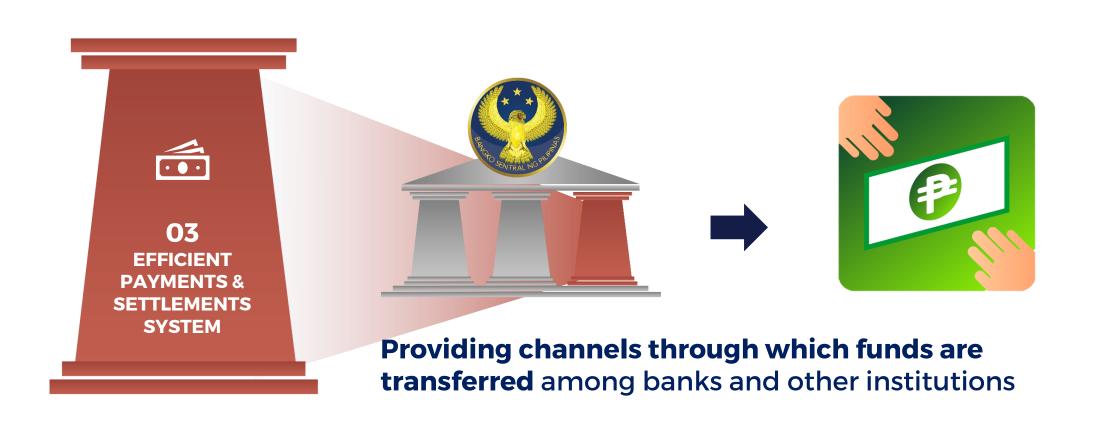
- √ safety & soundness of FIs
- ✓ smooth functioning of financial markets
- ✓ protection of interests of depositors & investors





Risk profiling

Core Functions of the BSP: Efficient Payments & Settlements System



What is an efficient payments and settlements system?



A safe, sound, & efficient payment system is a critical market infrastructure of a stable financial system

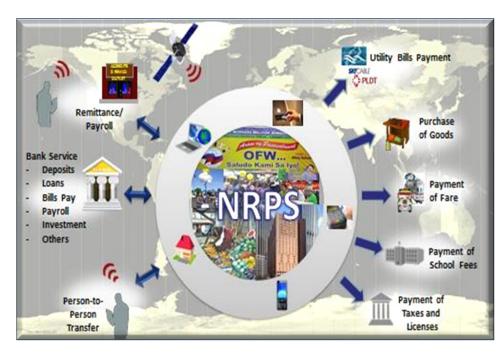


- includes institutional and infrastructure arrangements and processes through which money is transferred from one party to another
- provides channels through which funds are transferred to discharge payment obligations arising from economic and financial transactions (includes digital transactions such as use of online facility and electronic wallet)

02 Core Functions of the BSP: Efficient Payments & Settlements System

How does the BSP take the lead in promoting an efficient payments & settlements system?

RA No. 11127 or "The National Payment Systems Act" (NPSA)



OVERSEER, REGULATOR, & SUPERVISOR OF PAYMENT SYSTEMS

Provide a **policy and regulatory framework**, also known as the **National Retail Payment System** or **NRPS**, to establish safe, efficient, and reliable retail payment system in the country.



OWNER & OPERATOR OF REAL TIME GROSS SETTLEMENT SYSTEM

Provide the **necessary infrastructure** through the operations of the Philippine Payments and Settlements System or the "**PhilPaSS.**"

03 Other Functions of the BSP



ISSUER OF MONEYOnly the BSP can issue legal tender



MANAGER OF OFFICIAL RESERVES
The BSP manages the country's GIR



The BSP transacts with banks only, and gives loans when warranted

LAST RESORT



OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY AND ADVISOR OF NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

The NG maintains deposits with the BSP, while the BSP advises the NG on borrowings



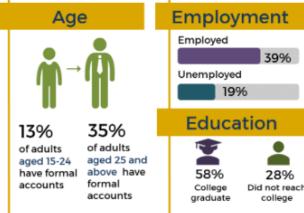
DETERMINATION OF THE EXCHANGE RATE POLICY

BSP is in charge of the exchange rate policy

Priority Messages | Financial Inclusion

Financial inclusion is a state in which everyone, especially the vulnerable sectors, has effective access to a wide range of financial services.





	15-19	20-29	30-39
With Account	6.9	29.0	31.3
Bank	2.3	15.8	14.5
E-money	4.6	8.5	7.5
NSSLA	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cooperative	0.0	2.1	1.6
Microfinance NGO	0.0	9.4	12.8

Source: 2019 FIS Topline Report

National Strategy for Financial Inclusion (NSFI) 2022-2028

The new NSFI will serve as a six-year blueprint to achieve the vision of driving financial inclusion toward broad-based growth and financial resilience.







Priority Messages | Digital Payments Transformation

Digital Payments Transformation Roadmap (DPTR) 2020-2023

Target by 2023

70%

Minimum number of Filipino adults with financial accounts

50%

Share of digital payments against the total volume of financial transactions in the country

As of Q4 2020

34.7 million

Active electronic money accounts

1 9

93%

17.9 million in 2019

20.1%

Share of digital payments against the total volume of financial transactions in the country Cash-heavy



Cash-lite

More efficient payments processing



Faster capital turnaround and income growth

Accessibility of financial products and services to more people, including low-income earners and those in the countryside



Financial inclusion



New Order of Payment System (NOPS)







Priority Messages | Sustainable Central Banking

The BSP's Sustainable Central Banking Program

- one of BSP's 2020-2023 strategic priorities
- aims to integrate environmentally responsible and sustainable policies and work practices within the BSP
- encourage the financial industry to invest in activities that will promote climate-resilient, green, and sustainable growth



Enable

The BSP promotes a policy environment that supports the adoption and growth of sustainable finance

Mobilize

The BSP will lead and influence financial institutions to carry out environmentally and socially responsible business decisions and adopt green practices.

Do

The BSP invested in the green bond fund of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) in line with its sustainable investment strategy

It also formed a bank-wide technical working group (TWG) that would conduct vulnerability assessment to determine the impact of climate change to the BSP offices and branches.



Priority Messages | Proper Handling of Banknotes and Coins

We can all help in preserving the integrity of our currency



Place banknotes inside proper wallets or containers.



Place coins inside proper coin purses or containers.



Exchange unused coins in banks.



Keep banknotes and coins clean.



Use banknotes and coins as payment for goods and services.



Clean Note and Coin Policy



Coin Recirculation Program



Priority Messages | Cyber Hygiene in Digital Transactions

Check Emails, Texts and Websites

- Phishing emails usually contain wrong spelling and grammar
- It also uses personal email addresses and unofficial URLs.
- Check if the website URL has an "S" to ensure that it is safe (https://www.website.com)



Do Background Checks

 Verify the identity and legitimacy of individuals or institutions that request for personal and account information, donations, investments or payments.



Use Strong Passwords

- Lengthen and use special characters in your password to make it harder to guess.
- Use different passwords for different accounts and change it frequently.





Priority Messages | Cyber Hygiene in Digital Transactions

Use Multi-Factor Authentication

 Make use of security questions, mobile pin (MPIN), one-time-pin (OTP), or texts and email notifications for all your accounts as an additional layer of security when logging-in or confirming financial transactions



Maintain Information on Personal Accounts Private

 Do not divulge your account numbers, log-in credentials, MPIN, OTP, and CVV code to others



Report Suspicious Communications, Personnel or Transactions to the Authorities

- Immediately ask your bank or financial institution for help.
- Report suspicious emails from fake websites, impostors or suspicious documents and transactions to regulatory authorities such as the BSP.







KEY TAKE-AWAYS



To preserve purchasing power, the BSP's main objective is to **maintain price stability**. It uses **inflation targeting** as a framework for conducting **monetary policy**.



To help promote financial stability and a secure and reliable banking system, the BSP manages systemic risks and ensures the safe and sound operation of banks and other BSFIs.



To ensure **safe and efficient payments and settlements** of financial transactions, the BSP **provides the policy and regulatory framework and infrastructure** essential to the effective functioning of financial systems.

WHO BENEFITS

Consumers directly benefit.

Depositors, borrowers, and other financial system players directly benefit.

Transacting parties directly benefit.

Walk-through on the BSP's online learning resources

www.bsp.gov.ph





Thank you & Stay safe!

Website: http://www.bsp.gov.ph

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