

### GOING ABOVE AND BEYOND: Propelling Economic Growth through the FY 2025 National Budget

SECRETARY AMENAH F. PANGANDAMAN Department of Budget and Management

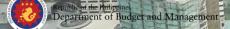
Philippine Economic Dialogue in Milan

May 6, 2025



### The Philippine economy expanded by 5.6 percent in 2024, making it one of the fastest-growing economies in the region.

	2024
Countries	Real GDP Growth (%)
Thailand	2.5
Singapore	4.4
Indonesia	5.03
China	5.0
Malaysia	5.1
Philippines	5.6



### **Medium-Term Fiscal Consolidation**

(in billion pesos, unless otherwise indicated)

- Improved revenue mobilization
- Greater public spending efficiency
- Sustained downward deficit trajectory
- Infrastructure investments targeted at 5.0 to 6.0% of GDP

PARTICULARS	ACTUAL		PROJECTIONS			
	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Revenues	3,824.1	4,419.0	4,644.4	5,063.2	5,627.5	6,249.6
% of GDP	15.7%	16.7%	16.2%	16.2%	16.6%	17.0%
Disbursements	5,336.2	5,925.4	6,182.1	6,540.1	7,027.0	7,621.5
% of GDP	21.9%	22.4%	21.5%	20.9%	20.7%	20.7%
Deficit	(1,512.1)	(1,506.4)	(1,537.7)	(1,476.8)	(1,399.5)	(1,371.9)
% of GDP	-6.2%	-5.7%	-5.3%	-4.7%	-4.1%	-3.7%
Nominal GDP	24,318.6	26,495.6	28,749.8	31,230.9	33,926.2	36,854.0

### **FY 2025 National Budget**

Guiding Principles on Public Financial Management (PFM)



### Spending within Means

Fiscal Discipline



### **Spending on the Right Priorities**

Allocative Efficiency



### Spending with Measurable Results

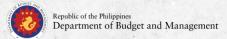
Operational Efficiency

### **FY 2025 National Budget**

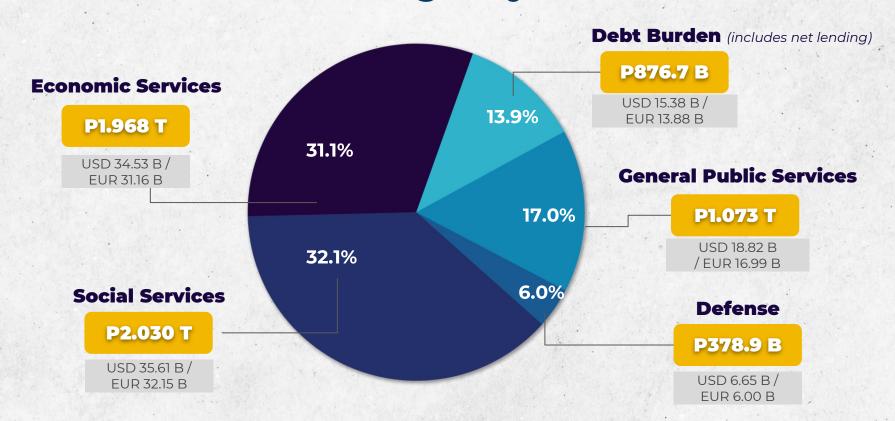
## P6.326 Trillion

USD 110.98 Billion / EUR 100.18 Billion

1 9.5% y-o-y growth 22.0%



### **FY 2025 Budget by Sector**



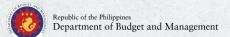
#### **Social Services Sector**



Revitalized
Education
Php 1.056 trillion
(USD 18.52 billion /
EUR 16.72 billion)

Quality
Healthcare
Php 267.8 billion
(USD 4.70 billion /
EUR 4.24 billion)

Strengthened
Social Protection
Php 217.5 billion
(USD 3.83 billion /
EUR 3.44 billion)



Agricultural Modernization and Food Security

Agriculture and Agrarian Reform sector Php 237.4 B USD 4.16 B / EUR 3.76 B



**Build-Better-More Program** 

Build-Better-More (BBM) Program

Php 1.645 T USD 28.86 B / EUR 26.05 B

8.9%
YEAR-ON-YEAR



### **Physical Infrastructure**

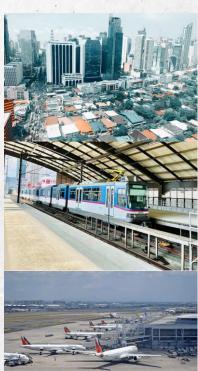


Roads Php 624.77 B (USD 10.96 B / EUR 9.89 B)



Flood control infrastructure
Php 350.48 B
(USD 6.15 B / EUR 5.55 B)

### Local infrastructure development Php 206.92 B (USD 3.63 B / EUR 3.28 B)



Buildings
Php 129.63 B
(USD 2.27 B /
EUR 2.05 B)

Railways Php 17.93 B (USD 314.6 M / EUR 283.93 M)

# Airport Systems Php 7.70 B (USD 135.1 M / EUR 121.93 M)

### **Social Infrastructure**



Irrigation systems
Php 56.42 B
(USD 989.8 M /
EUR 893.45 M)



School buildings Php 37.09 B (USD 650.7 M / EUR 587.35 M)



Water supply systems Php 11.17 B (USD 196.0 M / EUR 176.88 M)





Hospital and health centers Php 19.43 B (USD 340.9 M/ EUR 307.69 M) **Power supply systems** Php 6.96 B (USD 122.1 M / EUR 110.22 M) Housing and community facilities Php 2.32 B (USD 40.7 M/ EUR 36.74 M)

Reforestation projects
Php 1.07 B
(USD 18.8 M /
EUR 16.94 M)

### The Build-Better-More Program includes 186 infrastructure flagship projects over the medium-term.



Physical connectivity 135 projects



Health 5 projects



Water resources 29 projects



Digital connectivity 4 projects



Agriculture 9 projects



Other infrastructure 2 projects



Power and energy 1 project



Education 1 project

S. No. 2233 H. No. 6527

#### Republic of the Philippines Congress of the Philippines

Metro Manila

Nineteenth Congress

Second Regular Session

Begun and held in Metro Manila, on Monday, the twenty-fourth day of July, two thousand twenty-three.

#### [REPUBLIC ACT No. 11966]

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP (PPP) CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Code of the Philippines".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – The State recognizes the indispensable role of the private sector, encourages private enterprise, and provides incentives to needed investments. To this end, the State shall provide an enabling environment for the private sector to mobilize its resources to finance, design, construct, operate, and maintain infrastructure or development projects and services.

It is further declared that the State shall protect the public interest by providing affordable, accessible, and efficient public services. In order to achieve better quality of Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Projects at lower costs, the State shall ensure equitable risk allocation in PPP Projects, The new Public-Private
Partnership (PPP) Code aims to simplify the evaluation process of PPP projects.

In evaluating PPP proposals, gender equality, disability, and social inclusion (GEDSI) requirements, as well as climate change and environmental standards, are also considered.

### The Philippine Government acts fast and efficient on investments.

Ninoy Aquino International Airport (NAIA)
Solicited Public-Private Partnership Project



Scope: Rehabilitate the country's main international airport



**Objective:** This aims to improve the overall passenger experience in NAIA through modernized terminals, optimized airport capacity, and reliable operations.



Fastest approved PPP proposal in Philippine history
The PPP project was approved on July 19, 2023 which was
evaluated within 6 weeks by the government.



First PPP Project to be approved with the new PPP Code The government signed a Concession Agreement with the private sector last March 18, 2024.



### The Philippine Government acts fast and efficient on investments.

#### **Philippine Luzon Economic Corridor**



**Scope:** This aims to enhance connectivity between Subic Bay, Clark, Manila, and Batangas.



**Objective:** This seeks to accelerate coordinated investments in high-impact infrastructure projects, including railways, ports, clean energy, and semiconductor supply chains and agribusiness, among others.

Ultimately, this aims to significantly accelerate growth in critical industries by providing a supportive regulatory environment.



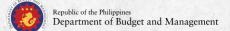
**Key Projects:** North Luzon Expressway, Manila-Clark Railway and North-South Commuter Railways, Port of Manila and Batangas Port

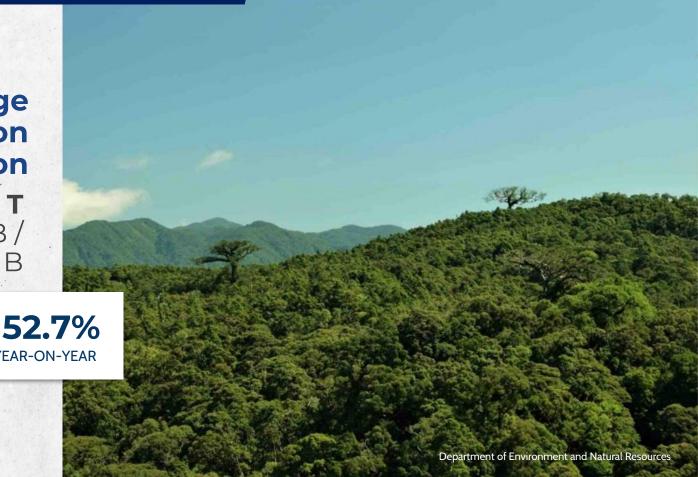


### **Climate Change Expenditures**

Climate change adaptation and mitigation Php 1.156 T USD 20.28 B/ EUR 18.31 B

152.7% YEAR-ON-YEAR



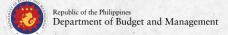


### **Digital Transformation**

Php 68.9 B
USD 1.21 B /
EUR 1.09 B

**6.7%**YEAR-ON-YEAR





**Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao** 

> Php 83.42 B USD 1.46 B / **EUR 1.32 B**



### **Program Convergence Budgeting (PCB)**

#### **Ongoing PCB Programs**



National Program on Population and Family Planning



Zero Hunger Program



Philippine Anti-Illegal Drugs Strategy



Justice Sector Convergence Program



Tourism Development Program



Agricultural Development Program



Pasig River Urban Development Program



Export Development Program



Risk Resiliency Program

#### **New PCB Programs**



PCB on Livelihood and Employment



Water Resources Program



PCB on the Sustainable Development Goals



PCB on Public Financial Management Systems

### **Key Structural Reforms**

DBM conducts the Public Financial Management
Competency Program (PFMCP)
for NGAs and has expanded this to cater to LGUs,
capacitating local budget officers on PFM practices.



The PFM Reforms Roadmap 2024-2028
aims to modernize and harmonize PFM systems
through the adoption of the Integrated Financial
Management Information System (IFMIS).



DBM launched the Budget and Treasury

Management System (BTMS) to improve resource allocation and allow real-time monitoring of obligations and disbursements.



### **Procurement Reforms**

The New Government Procurement Act (NGPA) aims to digitalize and streamline the procurement process.





### **Procurement Reforms**



**E-marketplace** 



**Green Public Procurement Strategy and Open Contracting** 



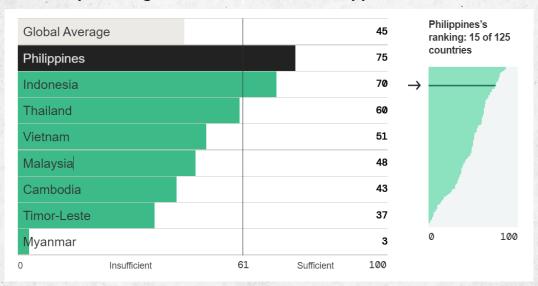
Launch of the Government Purchase Card

### **Open Governance**



### PH ranks No. 1 in Budget Transparency in Asia under the PBBM Administration.

#### **Open Budget Index Score of the Philippines**





# The Philippines successfully hosted the OGP Asia and the Pacific Regional Meeting, bringing together open government reformers from more than 40 countries.





Together, we can achieve the Bagong Pilipinas

—a Philippines of new and better opportunities—
that we all aspire for.

